

gardens below the hills and near main highway leading north from Vancouver.

*Bombycilla cedrorum*

*Eutamias*

*Hylocichla ustulatus ustulatus*

*Empidonax traillii brewsteri*.

*Melospiza melodia morphna*.

*Carpodacus mexicanus frontalis*

*Spinus tristis salicamarum*.

*Junco oreganus oreganus* (Sub. sp.?)

*Geothlypis trichas occidentalis*.

Hence to R.R. grade at bridge cross main highway.

*Pipilo maculatus oregonus*

*Spizella passerina arizonae*

*Columba fasciata fasciata*. Found feeding up elderberries.

*Penthestes rufescens* - in fir along grade.

About this time I reached the creek bottoms. The transformation evident here thoroughly caught me with its brilliance. Whereas in months past it had presented itself in dull browns of dead grasses, reeds and weeds and showing a good deal of bare sand or muck covered with seeping or running water, it now is clothed most becomingly in bright greens - a solid mass of color varying only in shade and tone depending upon the plants and grasses present. Another notable thing is the area maintaining these striking greens. This area extends outward from the actual creek for perhaps 75 or 100' leading up to but not beyond one of the prominent former banks where it goes way to the drab grasses, dead and brown, a striking contrast. Practically - it shows the limit of moisture.

*Butorides virens anthonyi* 5 observed

*Megascops alcyon calurus*

*Anas platyrhynchos platyrhynchos* 12

*Oxyechus vociferans vociferans*

*Larus delawarensis* 11 in second year plumage.

*Corvus b. hesperis*

*Ardea herodias fannini* 2

*Larus occidentalis* ?. Possibly the Herring Gull. There were 9 of these birds, 20 gulls in all. The ringbills were feeding continually - flapping slowly, head down, then dropping, for minnow.