



It was noted that the greatest per cent frequency was in areas which were extensive and of uniform topography (flat) and floral composition. Whenever the landscape became dissected and vegetation became diverse, the population of rabbits decreased in numbers. For all these and purposes the country was uniform and the highs and lows in population may be an expression of actual and intrinsic high in the population cycle on a sectional basis. Further investigation is desirable and information could be attained by individuals who frequently cross the state of Wyoming on highway 30. Continued east to Rawlins, thence to Walscott, thence to Saratoga, thence to CCC camp on Brush Creek in the Medicine Bow National Forest. This station is designated as 8 mi. N & 16 mi. E Encampment, 8400 ft., Carbon Co., Wyoming. This area can be compared with our former station at the N base of the Uintas in that it is not too far removed from the Transition or Chaparral association and represents the lower level of the lower montane. A mixture of *Populus tremuloides* and conifers constitute the upper story while the typical montane shrubs and herbs made up the understory. This evening established research area A-7-6-48 at this station. It consisted of a montane spring among aspen with a luxuriant growth of bog plants and willows, the type of vegetation likely preferred by *Zapus*, *Sorex* and *Microtus longicaudus*. This spring