

in the pine tree of the city cemetery. These birds have been frequently observed here throughout the winter and represent one of the best supplies of food in the Lawrence area.

Museum Natural History, Lawrence, Douglas Co., Kansas

27 Feb. 1951

Observed flock of Lotia curvirostra on campus. These birds appear to be increasing in number since their depreciation in number beginning Feb 8, 1951. and would suggest a movement to the south and then return during the severe part of our February weather.

29 Feb. 1951

Observed two flocks of Lotia curvirostra on campus. One flock of approx. 28 in the morning at 8:00 A.M. and one small group of 8 in the afternoon about 3:00 P.M.

1 March 1951

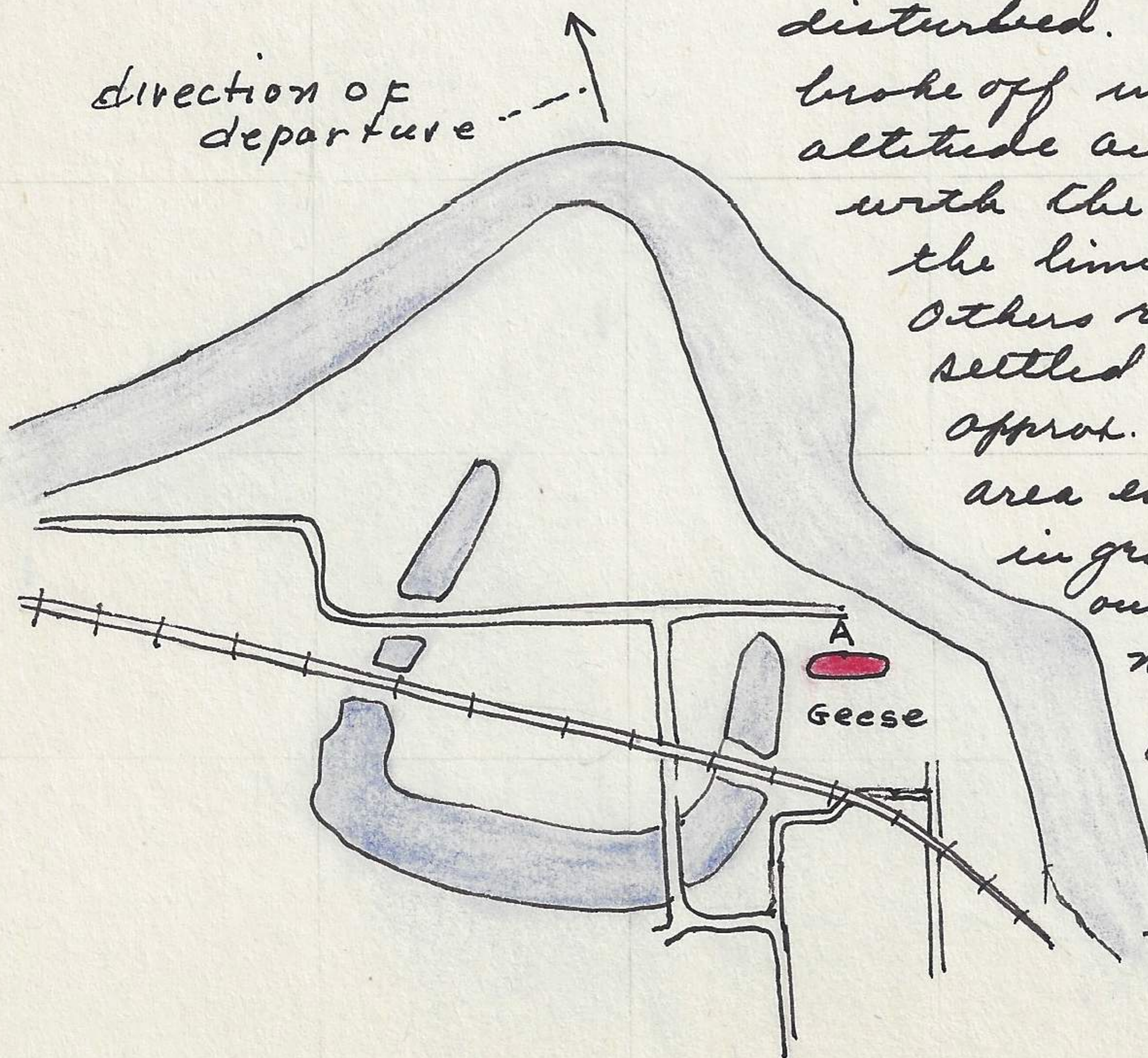
Several groups of geese (probably Blue or Snows) flying north over campus at approx. 11:00 P.M. at 5:30 P.M. 48 geese (probably Blue & Snows) flew N.E. across campus. The wind was from the south and while they were headed east, they were actually traversing N.E. Rain all day, trace at 5:30 P.M.

3 1/10 mi. N and 2 3/4 mi W Lawrence, Douglas Co., Kansas

3 March 1951

At sundown recorded percentages of Chen hyperborea, Chen caerulescens and their hybrids. The geese were first observed in the air circling low over a corn field (A). They had apparently been feeding there during the afternoon. It may have been coincident that they started to leave the area at sundown or they could have been

disturbed. In any event they gradually broke off into groups which gained high altitude and then trended north with the objective of travelling beyond the limits of these resting grounds. Others remained and finally settled back again in corn field. Approx. 3/4 of the birds left the area entirely. As these birds left in groups and forming long continuous lines was able to make a near accurate count as follows:



- 128 Chen hyperborea
- 149 (?) hybrids
- 1,072 Chen caerulescens
- 1,349 total