



At 5:00 P.M. gyrfalcon at camp on ridge to south (100 feet). It flew south over tundra. This bird has been seen 3 times within a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles along the ridge overlooking the lowlands to north. Lemmus trail with bark eaten off willow at point where road crosses trail, old. Pomarine jaeger chasing *Gavia arctica* 70 meters behind. The loon was returning from the south (probably from Teshekpuke Lake). By the time the loon reached the south edge of Barrier Lake the jaeger was almost on the tail of the loon. At the edge of the lake the loon dropped down over the erosion bank and splashed into the water with jaeger almost making contact.

The jaeger did not attack loon but confused the loon. This is the third attempt by jaegers to prey upon either property of other birds or birds themselves. The loon remained under water for about

a minute and then swam to east side of lake. The jaeger left in 30 seconds ^{from overhead} after the loon dove into water. This loon is the ♂ of the original family of loons inhabiting the SE part of lake. Pulled traps as plane arrived. We had been scheduled to remain two days longer and plans were interrupted.

Birds and mammals observed at Barrier Lake and surrounding country or (NE Teshekpuke Lake, $153^{\circ}05'40''$, $70^{\circ}39'40''$, Alaska):

- Lepus lagopus innuitus*
- Canis lupus tundrarum* (tracks)
- Rangifer arcticus stonei*
- Lemmus trimucronatus alascensis*
- Acerastonyx groenlandicus rubricatus*
- Falco rusticolus obsolitus*