

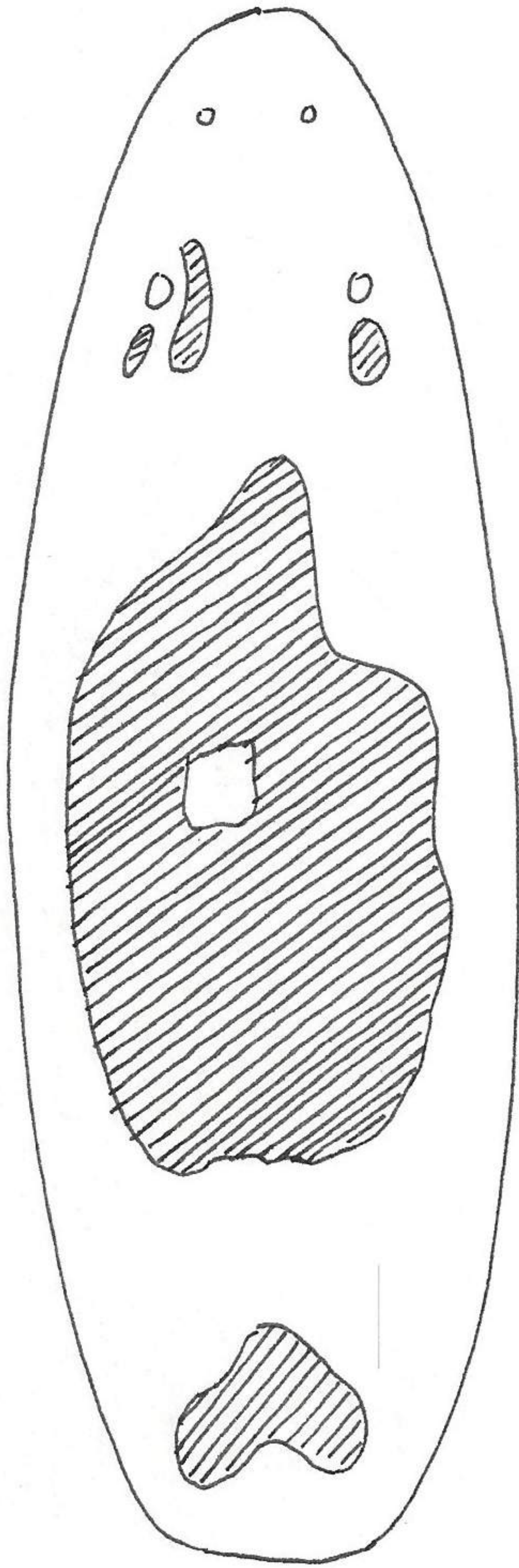
(see below for Oct 13, 1952)

521124-235

Museum Natural History, Univ. of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas
Oct. 24, 1952

Prepared 3 *Lemmus t. alascensis* taken at Point Barrow, 150°27'25",
71°23'11", 3 ft., Alaska on September 11,
1952 and held captive at Museum
Natural History at Lawrence, Kansas
until disposed.

521016-1	♂	<i>Lemmus</i>	killed	Oct 16, 1952
521018-1	♀	"	"	" 18, "
521024-1	♂	"	"	" 24, "



Specimen 521024-1 had the following dorsal molt pattern on inverted skin which matches with hair pattern on normal skin side. This is the only specimen that shows the molt line. No 521016-1, however, shows two molt dots which constitutes the dorsal line. The history of the 9 lemmings and 4 *Microstomys* is as follows:

Started from Point Barrow with 9 *Lemmus* & 4 *Microstomys*. One *Lemmus* died Sept. 13 at Fairbanks. One *Lemmus*

died between Fairbanks and Great Falls, Montana Sept. 14, 1952. (see notes of Ed. Campbell for conditions beyond Great Falls as he accompanied them to Lawrence, via Tucker Field, Oklahoma.)

Museum Natural History, Univ. of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas
Oct. 13, 1952

The first noticeable evidence of change of color in leaves was October 11 with a few individual trees red & yellow. The 12th showed considerable change and the 13th red yellow and red colors. This change has been very abrupt this year perhaps because of an abnormal below freezing temperatures of about a week ago and a dry autumn.