

April 1, 1963

Preparation of mammals captured last night. Trap numbers are field numbers:

630401-1	<i>Synaptomys cooperi</i>	126-21-20-10-32gms ♀ 1x3 emb 12mm
630401-12	<i>Sigmodon hispidus</i>	228-89-30-18-78gms
630401-15	<i>Synaptomys cooperi</i>	142-25-21-11-55gms. ♂ testis 6mm
630401-66	<i>Sigmodon hispidus</i>	260-102-31-19-104gms
630401-68	"	238-101-30-16-91gms
630401-69	<i>Promyscus maniculatus</i>	146-58-19-15-20gms
630401-72	<i>Microtus ochrogaster</i>	176-46-21-12-55gms 1 ear amputated
630401-73	"	161-37-20-11-57gms
630401-82	<i>Synaptomys cooperi</i>	108-21-19-9-18gms ♂ testis 3mm
630401-84	<i>Microtus ochrogaster</i>	156-36-20-12-47gms
630401-91	<i>Reithrodontomys megalotes</i>	130-58-18-12-10gms
630401-93	<i>Microtus ochrogaster</i>	115-28-18-10-20gms

Univ. Kansas, Douglas Co., Kansas
April 2, 1963

Noted a cardinal carrying nesting material into a wall vine on N side of Strong Building on the campus. The nest was about 8 feet high and was 3/4 completed. Have noted many instances of groups of male Cardinals indicating that nesting has not begun in all cases. This weekend plan to trap on the Coffman property in the Clinton Reservoir area. There are good springs on his farm and although grazed heavily, should produce some select areas. The spring in canyon on E side of valley is considered to be one of the largest and continuously flowing springs in the Clinton area. It issues from near the top of the canyon and flows into a drink reservoir for cattle. I would estimate that it was flowing about 1 quart per minutes in April. The sedges & grasses below the spring are so heavily overgrazed that small mammal find no refuge there. Other springs issue from base of hill along main valley that feed the more extensive wet meadows on floor of valley. I understand that an upland field there is a deep well-like depression in the middle of a field that might be associated with this spring.