

Inspected this morning the trap line set last night. The area trap is situated about three hundred feet up north side hill from the floor of the canyon.

Trap set in a series of cliffs. The cliffs were seldom or 50' or 60' in height and covered a linear length of about 800'. They were not continuous but were separated in several sections by 60' or more.

The vegetation directly above the outcrop is predomantly sagebrush with a few cliff rose, oak and shodescale. Below the cliffs these were replaced by the oak and cliff rose.

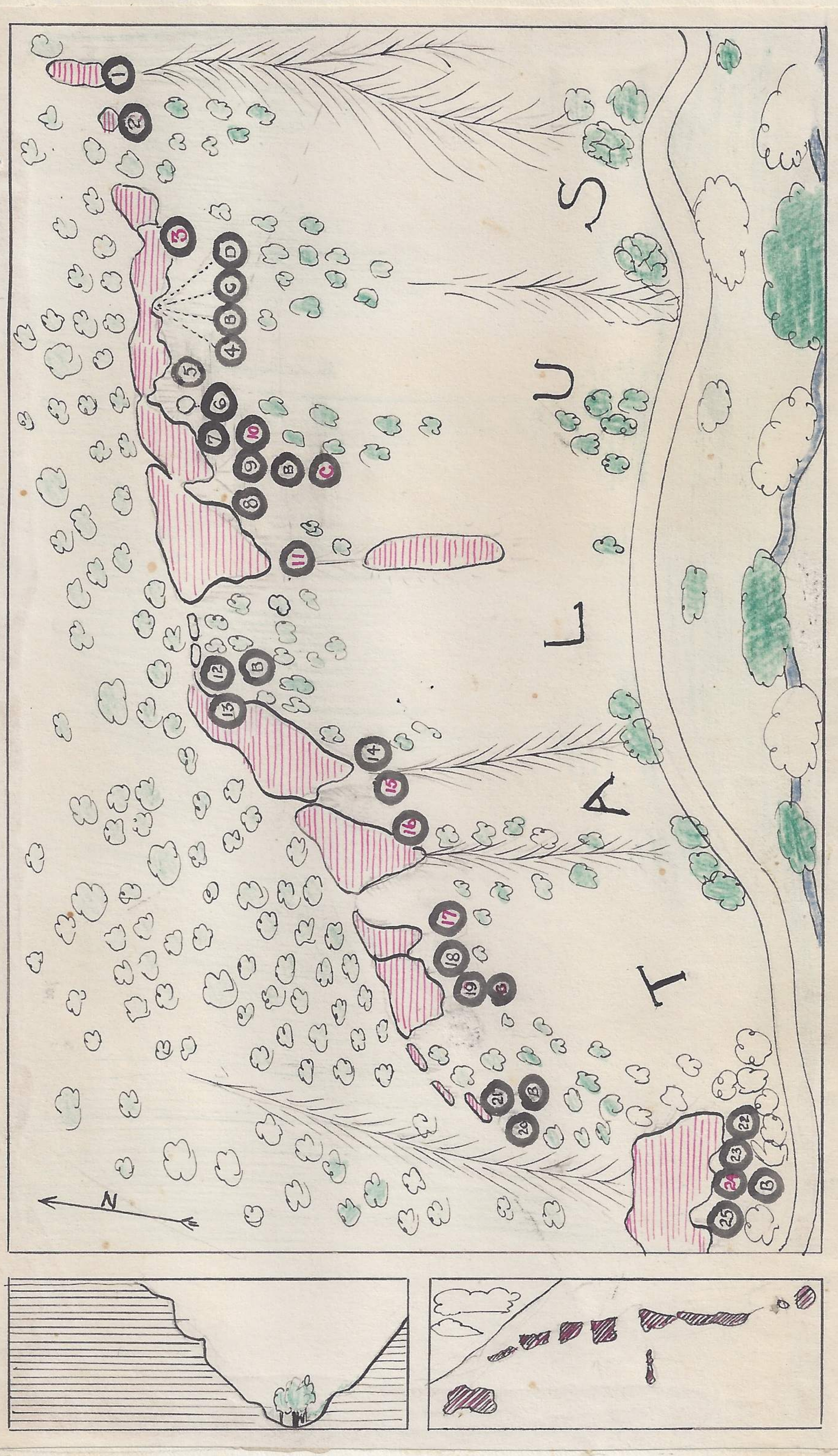
The talus slides occup-ied most of the area below the cliffs, remaining at nearly a gravitational repose. The cliffs proper were highly fractured and faulted and were of limestone. This weakness of the strata allowed for ideal habitats for *Neotoma* and *Peromyscus t. truei*.

Nearly every cave or hole supported evidence of the presence of woodrat while the numerous droppings of the *Peromyscus* and marmota indicated their presence.

The animals caught were not of as high percentage as would be expected from the evidence. all mammals captured were associated with the cliffs proper. The

results of the trap line are:

Trop. no.	Animal	Col. no.
1	Bait gone - sprung	
2	Bait gone	
3	<i>Peromyscus t. truei</i>	10
4	Bait gone - sprung	
4B	" " "	



4C	Bait gone - sprung
4D	" " "
5	Bait gone
6	" "
7	unaffected