

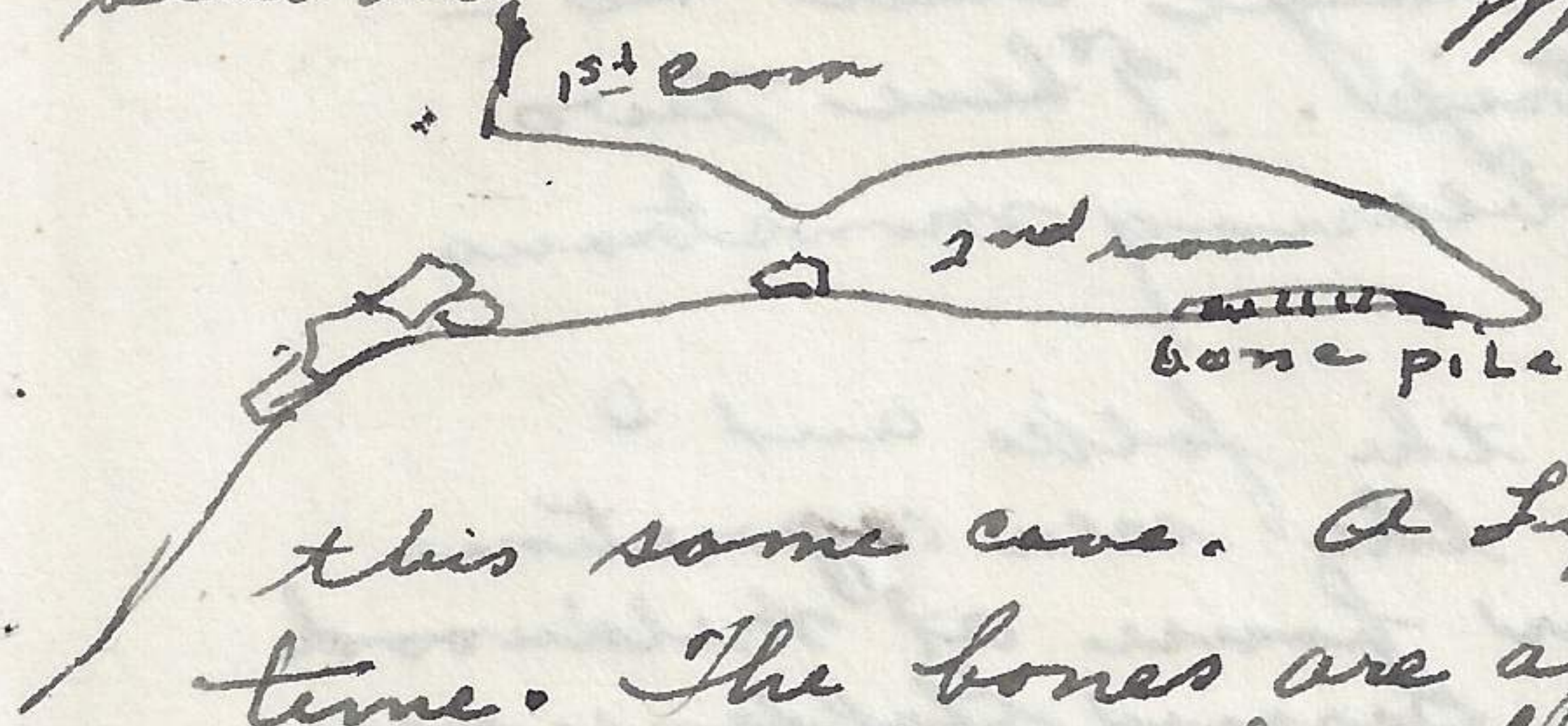


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1/3/38. Dr. George Hansen and five students including myself visited ancient cave in Am. Fork Canyon. We met National Park Ranger Walker at Timpanguos Cave Station and proceeded up canyon to within two blocks of the convergence of the North and South forks. The cave from this point is located on the north side of the canyon about 150 feet up the steep hillside. Forcing ourselves through two feet of snow we arrived at the opening of the cave. The cave proper is divided into two more or less distinct divisions: an outer chamber of an open nature and an inner chamber which is separated <sup>from the front room</sup> with a construction. One has to crawl upon hands & knees to enter the second room. The entire length is about ~~50~~ 50 feet.



Mr. Walker states that this cave was discovered many years ago by a pioneer and while he (Walker) was tracking lion he run across

this same cave. A sign was hidden out here at the time. The bones are apparently confined to back portion of cave and as far down as he has dug he has uncovered a pure mass of bone fragments. on the west side he encountered dung while on the east side the bones. Further excavations may disclose several feet of bone. Some of the bone fragments had been surrounded with a lime-precipitant as found on walls & ceiling in form of stalagmites and stalactites. This back chamber evidently represents one solid mass of bone. The mt rats had carried