

Across dam and photo 690322-1 from W end of dam
and showing lake of the old Delaware River Channel.
06.0 east end of road at hell and end of complete census.

Today has been characterized by lack of small birds
mainly because of highwind and response to pending
stormy and cool weather which birds are able to sense
from changing atmospheric changes.

Summary: (Reservoir area),

marsh hawk 1-

redwing blackbird 1-12-2-8-200-2-2-30 = 257

robin 4-3-2-1-14-25-2-60-3-41-5-2-2-80 = 244

mallard 10-1 = 11

redtails 2-2-1-1-1 (Harlan's redtail) -3-1-2-2-4-2-1-1-1-1-4 = 29 of which one was
a Harlan

Crow 1-1-2-1-2-2-3-7 = 19

keeldeer 2-14-16 = 32

starling 5

cricket frogs

meadowlarks 3-1-2-4-3-1-3-3-1-1-1-5-1-1-3-1-1-1-3-3-4-1 = 47

sharp-shinned hawk 1-

bluebird 1-1-2 = 4

slate-colored juncos 8-8-3-2-12 = 33

mourning doves 1-1 = 2

Eng. sparrow 6

lesser scoup 2

Coat 2-

titmouse 1-2 = 3

bluejays 2

snow geese 2000-3 = 2003

blue geese 3000-286 = 3286

cardinal 2-1-1-1 = 5

Harris' sparrow 4

bluewing teal 2

great blue heron 1-

song sparrow 2-

loggerhead shrike 1-1 = 2

yellow-shafted flicker 1-1 = 2

wooducks 2

ring-necked duck 8-

sparrow hawk 1-

horned larks 2-

tree sparrow 8-

32 species of birds.

6028 numbers (predominately
geese)

These geese do not represent all the geese
in area. As census was made by car
many geese are missed because geese
cannot be heard over the noise of a moving
car. Flocks of geese are almost always
heard before observed.