

Oestraged.
 Length 161 m.m.
 Tail 71 m.m. ♀
 Tarsus 18 m.m.
 wt. gr. 28

- Contained 5 embryos averaging 10 m.m. in curled position.
- 2:03. While still preparing material a *Collospormophilus* came to steps of front door at 7' distance from table and paused to watch our operations. Stood on hind legs and feet to eat on something held in front feet.
- 2:30 *Collospormophilus* returned to door step again and fed on prune stone.
- 2:32. Vulture flew by.
- 2:35 *Collospormophilus* returned and at wheel on door step 7 feet away.
- 2:42 " " and fed on door step. Tail over back and lying low on board. Fed for 50 seconds.
- 2:45 *Collospormophilus* back again for few seconds and ate on pile of oatmeal.
- 2:46 " " and still carried cheeks full of oatmeal.
- 3:00 *Collospormophilus* back to feed again.
- 3:10 Turkey flew by.
- 3:20 Red shafted flicker fed on ants north of calum. Green-tailed towhee feeding at edge of open swamp below camp in same area as is shown by Lincoln Sparrow.
- 3:30 *Collospormophilus* back at door step again.
- Finished work and after a early supper left camp for Purity Bay to set traps again. On way down observed a lone vesper Sparrow in same vicinity as the one was collected from several days ago. This bench is covered with grasses and small bushes. Had insects in mouth. Arrived at Purity Bay at 7:00 P.M. and through by 8:00 P.M. In setting traps tonight had two objectives in mind. One, to trap the largest swamp and springy edge and the other to check on the degree of feeding range from their normal swamp habitat, so set first series of museum specials in swamp habitat and the second series at base of hillside adjacent to swamp. The sequence of plant life from creek proper to top of aspen covered hill shows considerable specific variation. (1) Creek channel edge. At this time of year ^{or some other cause} the stream capacity is greater than normal and the water found on contiguous areas is slightly higher. (2) Main swamp. 1 1/2' to 2' high grasses & sedges standing in water in or seven inches deep with much of it in movement. This strip is about from 20' to 30' wide. (3) Willows. While the willows appear to be irregularly distributed in general do conform to a definite zone which is between the main swamp of standing water & deep sedges and the boggy area beyond. The willows are generally islanded and surrounded by standing or boggy lands. (4) Boggy and wiggly area. This stretch of from 10' to 15' is found beyond willows hillward and is gently sloping and being supported by seeping springs. Many of these area allow one to go down 1 foot without going through top surface. A small type of sedge grows here among the hilllocks and is interspersed with mosses and a small matgrass. This area in general is a water soaked type of land where many of the muretics are found. (5) Damp matted grass. A 15'-20' stretch of flat or gentle sloping section with a short matted grass, clover and