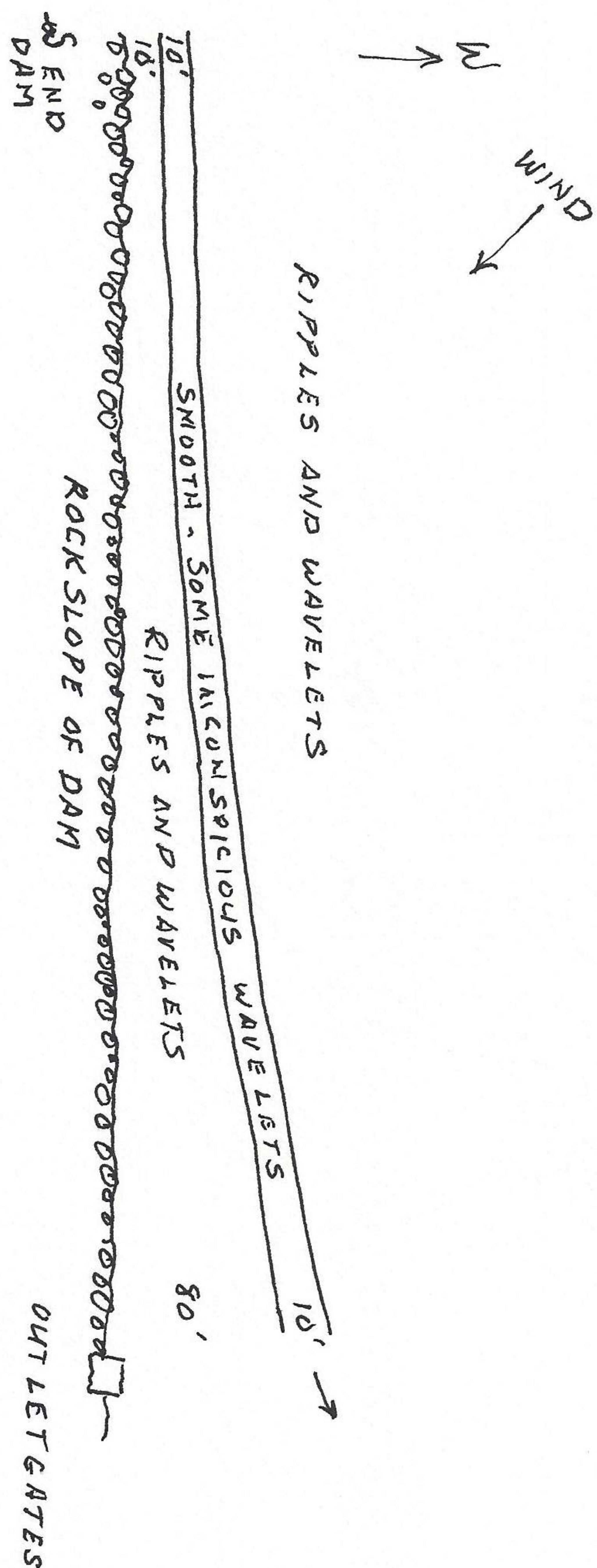


along the dam there is a smooth stretch of water that is 10' from shore at S end of dam and gradually moves to 80' out from shore at the position of the outlet gates.



1:00 P.M. clouds now 80° of sky.

1:10 2 ring-billed gulls flew S.

300' W of dam. Spotted sand-piper from rocks on dam. Mass. on rocks along shoreline. Arrived outlet gates 1:35. No swallows at gates or along route return. Continued via rock to rock route to N end of rock facing, gained upper dam road and returned S to car parked above gates, arriving at 2:12.

This route is unusual in that it represents a new ecological condition that is not naturally represented in Kansas except where associated with dams and rock facing associated with reservoirs. They are, at least in early stage depauperate of animals and birds as well as plants. A successional development of these slopes would make a worthwhile project. Why have not marmots, weasels and small mammals used these slopes. Killdeer and Spotted sandpipers are the most common birds using the slopes but I have never been able to ascertain why they are present.

Perry Reservoir, Jefferson Co., Kansas

Sept 5, 1979

397.8 mileage at 402 Yorkshire Dr., Lawrence, sky clear. temp to be in mid 90°F. Will keep complete list of birds. 398.0 mourning dove. 399.6 Kasold and Lake View Road. 03.1 striped skunk road kill. 04.4 mourning dove. 05.7 Leecompton Rd. 09.0 S end Leecompton bridge, barn swallow. 11.9 highway 24. 14.0 mourning dove 14.8 E kingbird. ~~15.3~~ ^{15.3} headquarters. fence down road that leads to water edge to W where I parked car. 10:30 A.M.