## TROGON RAMONIANUS.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

06060606060606060606

Ramon De la Sagra's Trogon.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.

Mas.—Facie nigrá; vertice et pectore resplendenti-cæruleis; abdomine aurantiaco; alis nigris; rectricibus tribus externis utrinque nigris, fasciis albis regulariter ornatis ad apicem singulis albis.

Male.—Face, ear-coverts and throat black; head, nape and gorget across the breast deep rich purplish blue, passing, in some specimens, into green on the outer edges; back and scapularies bronzy green, passing into pure green on the lower part of the back and upper tail-coverts; wing-coverts and secondaries black; primaries brownish black, slightly fringed with white; flanks slaty black; abdomen and under tail-coverts fine orange-yellow; thighs black; two centre tail-feathers green; the two next on each side green on their outer, and brownish black on their inner webs; all six tipped with black; three lateral feathers on each side black, conspicuously barred, and largely tipped with white; bill light horn-colour. Total length,  $9\frac{1}{4}$  inches; bill,  $\frac{7}{8}$ ; wing,  $4\frac{1}{2}$ ; tail,  $5\frac{1}{4}$ .

Female.—Head, neck, chest and upper surface brownish black; wing-coverts and secondaries black, crossed by fine lines of white; under surface light orange-yellow.

Trogon Ramoniana, Deville et Des Murs in Rev. Zool. 1849, p. 331.—Castelnau, Expéd. Amér. du Sud, Zool., Ois., p. 33. pl. xi. fig. 2.

This bird was first characterized by MM. Deville and O. DesMurs in the "Revue Zoologique" for the year 1849, and was subsequently described and figured in the zoological portion of M. Castelnau's "Expédition de l'Amérique du Sud," from specimens brought to Europe by that gentleman. Besides the examples procured by M. Castelnau, several others have come under my notice; and I have myself received specimens from Mr. Hauxwell, which had been obtained on the Upper Amazon, and still more recently others procured on the river Napo, through the Messrs. Verreaux, of Paris, from which we may gather that the true habitat of the species is the eastern side of the Peruvian Andes; but over what extent of country it ranges, time and future research alone can inform us.

M. Castelnau states that his examples were procured at "La Mission de Sarayacu, Pampa del Sacramento, au Pérou."

The Trogon Ramonianus is an exceedingly well-marked species, and one which cannot be confounded with any other.

The figures are of the natural size.