

v. p. xiv (1894).—
Thierreich, Lief. 2,

Mus. Dresden, vii.

v. p. xii (1894).—
Thierreich, Lief. 2,

Add:—

3. PAROTIA HELENÆ.

Parotia helenæ, Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 50 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 18 (1898).—Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part viii. (1898).

Add:—

4. PAROTIA CAROLÆ.

Parotia carolæ, Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part vii. (1897).—Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 50 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 18 (1898).

Add:—

5. PAROTIA BERLEPSCHI.

Parotia berlepschi, Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 50 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 19 (1898).—Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part viii. (1898).

GENUS III. LOPHORHINA.

Add:—

1. LOPHORHINA SUPERBA.

Lophorhina superba, Sharpe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, iv. p. xiii (1894).—Id. Monogr. Parad. part iv. (1895).—Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 51 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 19 (1898).

Add:—

2. LOPHORHINA MINOR.

Lophorhina minor, Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part v. (1895).—Salvad. Ann. Mus. Genov. (2) xvi. p. 106 (1896).—Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 51 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 20 (1898).

Dr. Loria procured a series of specimens in the Moroka district of the Astrolabe Range. The native name for the adult male was "Civaia," and for the young birds "Iohirugu." The iris is chestnut and the bill and feet black in the male, horny-black in the female. The food consists of fruit and insects (*cf.* Salvad. *L. c.*). Count Salvadori says that adult females have small white spots on the forehead, these being absent, however, in the young birds.

GENUS IV. LOBOPARADISEA.

Add:—

1. LOBOPARADISEA SERICEA.

Loboparadisea sericea, Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part vii. (1897).—Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 51 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 14 (1898).

Dr. Meyer gives the island of Krudu, in the east of Geelvink Bay, as the habitat of this species. The Hon. Walter Rothschild, however, believes that it comes from some portion of the north coast of Dutch New Guinea.

GENUS V. LORIA.

Add:—

1. LORIA LORIÆ.

Loria loriæ, Salvad. Ann. Mus. Genov. (2) xiv. p. 151 (1894).—Sharpe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, iv. p. xiv (1894).—Rothschild, Novit. Zool. iii. p. 252 (1896).—Salvad. Ann. Mus. Genov. (2) xvi. p. 112 (1896).—Meyer, Abhandl. k. zool. Mus. Dresden, vii. no. 2, p. 53 (1898).—Rothschild, Thierreich, Lief. 2, Parad. p. 15 (1898).

Cnemophilus mariae, De Vis, Report Orn. Coll. Brit. New Guinea, 1894, p. 6.—Sharpe, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, iv. p. xiv (1894).

Loria mariae, Selater, Ibis, 1898, p. 343, pl. viii.—Rothschild, Novit. Zool. iii. p. 14 (1896).—Sharpe, Monogr. Parad. part vi. (1896).

There can be no question that *L. mariae* is identical with *L. loriæ*, and the above is the correct synonymy for the species.