

GENUS HÆMATOPUS, *Linn.*

I believe that there is no country in the world of any extent the shores of which are not inhabited by one or other of the numerous species of this genus; but it would seem that all those which exist in the southern hemisphere are totally different from those of the northern.

Two species inhabit Australia, viz.

463. *Hæmatopus longirostris*, *Vieill.* Vol. VI. Pl. 7.
 464. *Hæmatopus fuliginosus*, *Gould* Vol. VI. Pl. 8.

GENUS LOBIVANELLUS, *Strickl.*

Two species of this beautiful form inhabit Australia, one the northern and the other the southern parts of the country; I believe they are both confined to this portion of the globe. Other species are found in India and Africa.

465. *Lobivanellus lobatus* Vol. VI. Pl. 9.
 466. *Lobivanellus personatus*, *Gould* Vol. VI. Pl. 10.

GENUS SARCIOPHORUS, *Strickl.*

A genus nearly allied to the last, and of which a single species inhabits Australia; like *Lobivanellus*, it is an Old World form.

467. *Sarciophorus pectoralis* Vol. VI. Pl. 11.

GENUS SQUATAROLA, *Cuv.*

The single species of this genus inhabits Europe, Asia, North America and Australia.

468. *Squatarola Helvetica* Vol. VI. Pl. 12.

GENUS CHARADRIUS, *Linn.*

The Australian fauna comprises two species of this form, of which one, the *Charadrius veredus*, might, perhaps, with propriety be separated into a distinct genus, or placed in that of *Eudromias*.

469. *Charadrius xanthocheilus*, *Wagl.* Vol. VI. Pl. 13.
 470. *Charadrius veredus*, *Gould* Vol. VI. Pl. 14.

GENUS EUDROMIAS, *Boie.*

Of this genus of upland Plovers two species at least are known, viz. the *E. morinellus* of Europe and the *E. Australis* of Australia.

471. *Eudromias Australis*, *Gould* Vol. VI. Pl. 15.

This bird inhabits the low hills and plains of the interior, a kind of habitat precisely similar to that of its European prototype.

Since my account of this species was written some additional information has been acquired respecting it.