

EUPEUCHRYTUS CHRYSOTRICHUS

General description

Form and habit

The plant is a small, upright, branched shrub, reaching a height of 1-2 feet. The leaves are small, opposite, and have a distinct venation.

The flowers are small, tubular, and have a distinct two-lipped structure. The upper lip is larger and more prominent than the lower lip. The color of the flowers is a pale yellow or cream. The fruit is a small, round, and slightly flattened capsule, which is covered with a fine, reticulate pattern. The capsule is attached to a short, thickened stalk.

The plant is native to the mountains of the Andes, where it grows in a cool, moist climate. It is found at altitudes of 10,000 to 15,000 feet. The plant is a common component of the high-altitude vegetation. It is often found growing in rocky crevices and on steep slopes. The plant is a member of the family Euphorbiaceae, and is closely related to the genus *Euphorbia*.

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