

# THEORY OF THE EARTH

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The theory of the earth is a branch of natural philosophy, which treats of the origin and formation of the earth, and of the changes which it has undergone since its first appearance.

The earth is supposed to have been formed by the accumulation of matter, which was originally in a fluid state, and which gradually condensed into a solid form. The process of condensation was aided by the action of heat, which caused the fluid matter to become more dense, and to sink to the bottom. The result was the formation of a solid nucleus, which was surrounded by a fluid envelope. The fluid envelope gradually condensed into a solid form, and the result was the formation of a solid globe.

The solid globe was then subjected to the action of heat, which caused it to expand, and to become more dense. The result was the formation of a solid nucleus, which was surrounded by a fluid envelope. The fluid envelope gradually condensed into a solid form, and the result was the formation of a solid globe.

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