

33. <i>Odontophorus Columbianus</i>	Pl. XXX.
34. ————— <i>strophium</i>	Pl. XXXI.
35. ————— <i>lineolatus</i>	Pl. XXXII.

I have now enumerated every species of this group with which I am at present acquainted; all of which having been carefully compared and examined, I am fully satisfied that they are each specifically distinct, the whole forming a large and well-defined family, distinguishable from the Partridges and Quails of the Old World, with which they have been usually associated, by the absence of any spur or spur-like appendage on the tarsi, and by the possession of tooth-like processes on the under mandible. They are pugnacious in disposition, semi-arboreal in their habits, deposit their eggs in a depression of the ground, or in a very inartificial nest, and the eggs of all the species, so far as I have been able to learn, are white; their food consists of seeds, berries, fruits, and the tender leaves of grasses and other annuals; their flesh is white, tender, and well-flavoured.