

Cabanis and Heine to be properly separable; and for it they proposed the name *Septuas* in the 'Museum Heineanum' (iv. p. 206). Of this scarce species two specimens, an adult and a young bird exist in the Berlin Museum, besides those mentioned in this work.

The following additional remarks on species are necessary, in order to include the observations of ornithologists which have been published during the progress of the present work through the press.

## PHAROMACRUS.

## P. MOCINNO.

Since the text accompanying the Plate of this species was written, I have noticed that Bonaparte in his 'Conspectus Volucrum Zygodactylorum,' p. 14, adopts the specific name *mocinno*, thus furnishing further evidence in favour of the priority of that name over his title of *paradiseus*.

## P. AURICEPS.

A name (*P. heliactin*) has been proposed by Messrs. Cabanis and Heine (Mus. Hein. iv. p. 207) for the Ecuadorean race of *P. auriceps*. It is stated to be smaller than the more northern bird, but not otherwise different. As specimens from Antioquia are intermediate in size, and as size alone is a specific character of very doubtful value, I think that the Ecuadorean bird had best be considered merely a race of *P. auriceps* and not a true species. In like manner the *P. xanthogaster* described by Counts Turati and Salvadori (P. Z. S. 1874, p. 652), I have little doubt, is a variety of *P. auriceps*, but of interest when the relationship of *T. aurantiiventris* to *T. puella* is considered.

## TROGON.

## T. CALIGATUS.

To the synonymy of this species the name *T. concinnus* must be added; this name was proposed by Mr. Lawrence for a bird from Panamá which must certainly be considered a young male of *T. caligatus*.