## HALMATURUS DERBIANUS, Gray.

## Derby's Wallaby.

Halmaturus Derbianus, Gray in Mag. Nat. Hist., vol. i. new ser. p. 583.—Gould, Mon. of Macropodidæ, pl. —Gray, List of Spec. of Mamm. in Coll. Brit. Mus., p. 91.

Macropus (Halmaturus) Derbianus, Waterh. in Jard. Nat. Lib. Marsupialia, p. 234, pl. 21.—Ib. Nat. Hist. of Mamm., vol. i. p. 154.

Emilia, Gray, List of Spec. of Mamm. in Coll. Brit. Mus., p. 90?.

Bangap, Aborigines of Perth in Western Australia.

Although the name of Derbianus is retained for this small species of Halmaturus, I am by no means certain that it has any claims to priority; in all probability the older name of Eugenii had reference to this animal; Mr. Waterhouse also is of opinion that an animal which I have called Houtmanni is merely a variety of the same species. Before me at this moment, while writing the present article, is my type specimen of Houtmanni from Wallaby Island, Houtmann's Abrolhos, and two specimens of Derbianus from Garden Island lying about five miles off the mouth of Swan River; now the former certainly differs from the latter in being of a darker colour, in having less rufous on the shoulders and rump, and in having stouter legs and feet; notwithstanding I bow to Mr. Waterhouse's opinion, and regard them as local varieties of one and the same species; and I incline to do so the more readily from feeling convinced, after having for a series of years paid considerable attention to these and other nearly allied species, that there is an animal of this family peculiar to the scrubby islands lying off the southern and western coasts of Australia, and one only, and that that one is the species under consideration, whatever its specific name may be. Up to the present time I have never seen examples from the mainland, the brushes of which lying between the mountain ranges and the coast are all tenanted by their own peculiar species, such as Thetidis, Dama, &c., whilst the Brigaloe brush of the interior has also an animal of this section peculiar to it—the H. dorsalis. The H. Derbianus, then, inhabits all the islands lying off the west coast, and extends round to those of the south-west as far as Kangaroo Island in Spencer's Gulf, where it is abundant.

Like many others of the small Wallabies, the present species loves to dwell among the densest underwood: hence the almost impenetrable scrub of dwarf *Eucalypti*, which covers nearly the whole of Kangaroo Island, will always afford it a secure asylum, from which in all probability it will never be extirpated,—the vegetation being too green and humid to be burnt, and the land too poor to render it worth the expense of clearing. It is very abundant in the ravines and gullies, through which it makes innumerable runs; and such is the dense nature of the vegetation, that nothing larger than a dog can follow it; still it is taken by men residing on the island in the greatest abundance, both for the sake of its skin and its flesh: they procure it principally by snares, a simple noose placed on the outskirts of the brush; but they also shoot it when it appears on the open glades at night.

Considerable difference exists in this, as well as in the other allied species, in the colour of the hair, which varies very much, not only in the intensity of its hue, but also in being much redder in some specimens than

Fur long and moderately soft; face grizzled grey, reddish and dark brown; on the upper lip a buffy-white mark which extends backwarks under the eye, and blends with the general colour of the face; back of the neck, shoulders and arms rufous; a blackish mark commences at the occiput, and continues downwards until it becomes lost in the colouring of the back, which is grizzled black and dull white, caused by the middle portion of each hair being dull white, and the tips black, the base of all the fur being deep-blue grey; rump, base of the tail, hind legs and tarsi grizzled with rufous and black, the former colour predominating; throat, chest and all the under surface buffy white; arms the same as the tarsi, but rather darker; under side of the tail buff.

		Male.	
		feet.	inches.
Length from the nose to the extremity of the tail		. 3	1
Length from the nose to the extremity of the		. 1	$1\frac{1}{9}$
,, of tail			6
torgue and toes including the nail		•	
", ", tarsus and toos, moradays ", arm and hand, including the nail		•	$4\frac{1}{2}$
,, arm and hand, including the haze of the ear			$4\frac{1}{2}$
", ", face from the tip of the nose to the base of the ear			$2\frac{1}{4}$
ear	•	•	- 4
11 11 000			

One of the accompanying Plates represents the head and fore quarters of the natural size, the other the entire animal much reduced.