

PHLEBOTOMIN VIRIDICAPDATA, OSM.

(Continued from page 14)

Phlebotomus viridicapdata, (Linn.) in part, part 2, p. 14.

It would appear from a study of the anatomy of the female Phlebotomus that the base part of the body and upper abdomen are dark, while the lower part of the abdomen and the legs are light. The wings are light, and the head is dark. The female is larger than the male, and the abdomen is more rounded. The head is small and the eyes are large. The mouthparts are adapted for piercing the skin and sucking blood. The legs are long and slender, and the feet are small. The antennae are short and the palps are long. The female is more active than the male, and is more likely to bite humans. The male is more common in the tropics, and is more likely to bite animals. The female is more common in the temperate zone, and is more likely to bite humans. The male is more common in the tropics, and is more likely to bite animals. The female is more common in the temperate zone, and is more likely to bite humans.

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