ing up of the lands; but such is the character of the country, and consequent deficiency of exciting materiel, it can never become a prevalent or permanent disease.

"The only objection we have found to the climate of Kanzas, thus far," (says the Herald of Freedom,) "is the heavy winds, which usually blow from one to three days at a time over the prairies, making it rather disagreeable to be exposed out of doors. We think the wind and storms are not more violent than in

Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio."

Cost of Building.—This of course must vary according to the material used, the size, style, &c. The main aim at first, when so many important matters will require attention, should be to put up a cheap, temporary shelter. A tent costing \$8 or \$10, will accommodate, tolerably well, five or six persons; a sod cabin, (Lawrence style of architecture,) which will make a comfortable dwelling in winter, even, may be constructed in a couple of days or less, at an expense of eight to twelve dollars. The mode of building these, is thus described in the Kanzas Herald of Freedom: "Select a spot where good sod can be obtained easily; with an axe cut the turf into blocks two feet square; insert a spade under the surface about five inches, lift the sod, and place it as you would a stone in building fences. When the walls are sufficiently high, lay on the rafters in the usual form; then lay sticks across from one rafter to another, about twelve inches apart: on top of these throw some hay, and on the hay lay the sods. Cut in a door and window, and a stove will make a comfortable home for the winter."

VALUE OF CROPS, &c.—On these points, we avail of information furnished for publication by an individual bitterly and uncompromisingly opposed to the present New England movement, and who has exerted himself to throw all the impediments and discouragements possible in the way of those who contemplate emigrating from the Free States; when such a person is compelled to make so flattering statements as the sub-