in reality constitute men, and without which, even with the wealth of Crœsus, they would be poor indeed.

Of such of the Settlements named as we have been enabled to collect information, we propose now to give brief accounts. We regret that the appeals we have made for aid have not met with so general a response as was desirable. Those who may feel slighted must take blame to themselves for withholding assistance.

LAWRENCE.—This was the first settlement made under the auspices of the Company. The Pioneer Party, which started from Boston July 17th. 1854, first pitched their tents "within a stone's throw from the bank of the river." The Second Party, which arrived early in September following, judiciously encamped on the high ground, in the rear of the now flourishing town, near the great California trail. These Parties united their forces, and went vigorously to work on the present town site. This spot was thus described by George S. Parks, Esq., as it appeared to him in June, 1854:

"On both sides of the river, above the Wakarusa, there are excellent bottom lands; and, a short way beyond these, another fine site for a town presents itself on the north side—while still farther up on the south bank, the high prairie comes right down to the water's edge, presenting another appropriate place, where the busy hum of commerce may by and by speak the presence of a city. Here we saw numerous cabins of settlers; and away, as far as the eye could reach, in a southwesterly direction, the prairies were high and rolling like the waves of Old Ocean. Southward, beautiful groves dot the prairie, and the dark line of timber that stretches along the Wakarusa valley—with the great Prairie-mound, so to speak, fixed there as the landmark of perpetual beauty—the meandering river, with its dark skirting forests of timber on the north—all are scenes in Nature's magnificent Panorama, here brought within range of vision. Proceeding north, high rich bottoms extend for many miles, and we saw vast thickets of grape-vines, pea-vines, raspberries, and pawpaws. The timber was principally oak, walnut, ash, hickory, mulberry, hackberry, linden, cotton-wood and coffee-bean."

Surely all who have heard the "busy hum," and witnessed the activity and industry which have since characterized that place, so clearly indicating that "Young America" is there, will feel constrained to