

did last Fall for the second time only, in 12 or 15 years. A large portion of the cholera cases of which we hear so much, particularly on the Western waters, and at the river towns, result from gross imprudence; as is evident from the fact that from two thirds to three fourths of them break out early in the week, i. e. after the excesses indulged in, Saturday nights and on Sundays. In Winter, a few coughs and colds, and some cases of pneumonia or lung fever are met with;—but little else.

COST OF BUILDING.—This of course must vary according to the material used, the size and style of the house, &c., &c. The main aim at first, when so many important matters will require attention, should be to put up a cheap, temporary shelter. A tent costing from \$8,00 to \$15,00 will accommodate five or six persons, tolerably well. A stone house, somewhat similar to the concrete form, may be built for from 12 1-2 to 14 cents the cubic foot. A house thus constructed, a story and a half high, will cost, ready for occupancy, from \$300 to \$500. A permanent log house of the same dimensions, from \$100 to \$250; one suitable for transient occupancy, from \$50 to \$100; the former would require the labor of four hands for two weeks, the last the same number for one week.

In all cases, avoid lying immediately on the damp ground or green grass. Where material can be had, and it is difficult to conceive where it cannot, a flooring should be laid at once, no matter how rough and rude it be. At all events, elevate the resting place above both. By neglect of this simple precaution, much unnecessary sickness and suffering have been endured. The writer visited several tenements whilst in the Territory, where the grass under the bedding was rank with mould, and yet the inmates could not conceive why they were racked with pains more than their neighbors. Avoid building in the low bottoms, on the banks of the streams, or among the timber on the borders; the more elevated the site, the less liability to sickness.