If your disability benefits stop because it is found that you are no longer disabled within the meaning of the law, your dependents' benefits will stop too.

Childhood Disability Benefits

If you have a disabled son or daughter, he or she may receive child-hood disability benefits regardless of his or her age if—

You are receiving social security old-age or disability insurance benefits, or

You die after working long enough under social security to become insured for the payment of survivors benefits.

To receive childhood disability monthly benefits, the son or daughter of an insured worker must:

- Have become disabled before reaching 18.
- Have a disability which meets the requirements described on page 10, under the heading "How Disabled Must You Be?"

- Be unmarried when benefits start.
- Be dependent upon a parent, stepparent, or adopting parent who is receiving social security old-age or disability insurance benefits, or
- Have been dependent on a parent who died after March 31, 1938, who had worked long enough under social security to become insured for the payment of survivors insurance benefits.

If a severely disabled person under the age of 18 is now receiving child's insurance benefits which are scheduled to stop when he reaches his 18th birthday, he or someone in his family should get in touch with the social security office a few months before he reaches 18.

The mother of a disabled son or daughter who is entitled to child-hood disability benefits may also qualify for benefits, regardless of her age, if she has the son or daughter in her care.

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