## CHANCELLOR'S REPORT

To the Governor and the Kansas Board of Regents:

I have the honor to present the report of the University of Kansas for the biennium 1942-1944.

## THE UNIVERSITY'S WAR SERVICE

During this period the University trained 6,824 soldiers, sailors, and marines for the United States armed services. The soldiers received basic collegiate, pre-medic, and medical training, the sailors received training in advanced engineering, pre-medicine, medicine, mechanics and electrical techniques, and flying, and the marines in flying. In addition, the University trained in this biennium the greater part of the 50,000 war workers who were given courses in the Extension Division to fit them for industrial war plants, chiefly in the aviation industry. This University ranked third in the nation in the number of war workers given this sort of training. A United States cadet program for the training of nurses for war service was also inaugurated.

Under the contracts with the federal government, the University has been paid substantially the cost of instruction, housing, and messing. No profit has been permitted by the federal government, but the income has helped materially to offset the reduction in income resulting from the loss of civilian tuition payments which normally bring in to the University about one-fourth of its total income.

## ENROLLMENT

Including both civilian and military programs, the enrollment in the University has continued at approximately prewar levels, an attendance record equaled by few universities. (See Table 1 in the Appendix.) In all these programs the University has been entirely responsible for all the academic instruction. Work has been continued in all branches of the University, with a curtailed staff in those departments which warranted reductions.

## ACCELERATED PROGRAM

Since July 1, 1943, the University has operated on a year-round basis of three semesters of sixteen weeks, beginning November first, March first, and July first. This accelerated program, developed in the interest of the war effort and synchronizing as nearly as possible the civilian program with the military, was made possible by the special summer session appropriation specifically provided by the legislature for this purpose. While the year-round program will be discontinued at the end of the 1944-'45 academic year, the demand from returning servicemen and other students already has been established for an eight weeks summer session with a much wider range of courses than ever were offered before the war. To meet the needs of this group and thus to enable them to accelerate their programs, a special appropriation will be required.