

March 30, 1942.

Mr. Clifford C. Cox,
Chesterfield Centralized School,
Fulton County, Ohio.

Dear Coach Cox:

Pardon my delay in answering your good letter of February 23. I assure you that I am not in the habit of neglecting my correspondence as I have done in your case, but we are just on the fag end of our varsity season, and we have lost some of our instructors in physical education to the Army. So I serve a double duty and my correspondence has suffered.

I am glad to know of your interest in my recent article in Esquire, and am very happy to give you the names of some of the physicians who have sounded the danger signal. These include Charles H. Keene, A. B., M.D., Director of Health and Physical Education, University of Buffalo; A. B. Bower, M.D., and S. J. Morris, M.D., of the Health Unit of the University of West Virginia; C. A. Greenleaf, M.D., Buffalo; Samuel C. Robinson, M. D., of Chicago, on the range of normal blood pressure.

Given below are some of the pamphlets and writing protesting against the strenuousness of the present game of basketball:

Health Service Problems in Basketball -- Charles H. Keene, A.B., M.D., Director of Health and Physical Education, University of Buffalo.

The Effect of Rule Changes Upon the Distance Traversed by Basketball Players -- Paul J. Fay and Lloyd L. Messersmith, The Research Quarterly of the American Association for Health and Physical Education, May 1938, Illinois Medical Journal, Jan. 1938, p. 10.

Effects of Basketball on Junior High School Boys -- A. B. Bowyer and N. S. Anderson, West Virginia Medical Journal, Feb. 1939, p. 89.

Blood Pressure Studies on Basketball Players in Olean N.Y.C.A., Greenleaf, M.D., The Journal of School Health, Feb. 1940.