

International Health Board. This division is the health agency of the Foundation. Conducted on the policy that public health is essentially a governmental function and therefore they work only through the official health agency.

(1) Activities

- (a) Special campaigns (Yellow Fever
Hookworm
Malaria)
- (b) County or rural health work
- (c) Health administration
- (d) Fellowships
- (e) Special projects: League of Nations (Health Section)

b. Milbank Fund. A smaller foundation interested primarily in control of tuberculosis. Conducting intensive demonstrations in New York State. Also contributions to other health projects.

c. Commonwealth Fund. This fund is interested in child health demonstrations, mental hygiene, educational research, rural hospitals, educational research, and fellowships.

3. Commercial Agencies. This group of health agencies has undergone a rapid development during the past 25 years.

a. Metropolitan Life Insurance Company

- (1) Educational
- (2) Nursing Service
- (3) Industrial
- (4) Statistical

b. National Dairy Council. Local units and councils in all parts of United States.

c. Food Companies (Postum Cereal, etc.)

4. Industrial Agencies. The growth of health programs in industry has been one of the remarkable developments in health service. These plans range from mere first aid stations to complete health programs, including medical and health service for both employees and families. Some of the outstanding examples may be mentioned: Ford Motor Co.; International Harvester Co.; Endicott Johnson Shoe Co.; U.S. Steel Co.; Bell Telephone Co.

References: Moore, H.H.--Public Health in United States, Chap. 11
O'Neil, D.C.--Medical Service for Industrial Workers, Journal American Medical Association, Nov. 17, 1928 -- p.1516.
Kober and Hansen--Industrial Hygiene, Chap. 8
Reports of Rockefeller Foundation, Commonwealth Fund, (In general Library)
Reports (annual) Surgeon General, U.S. Public Health Service (Document Room)

VIII. ORGANIZATION AND POWERS OF HEALTH AGENCIES

The legal principles underlying public health are based upon common law, statute law, and constitutional provisions.