The #1 and #2 troubles for inexperienced and non- versatile coaches are the fast-break offense and the offense working through the so-called zone or territorial defense. Before a team can fast-break successfully, it must master the fundamentals of dribbling, passing, catching, pivoting, and ball-handling. During such fundamental drills, the practicing players should move only at three-quarter speed. A common mistake among coaches is to permit their players to move at full speed. Such practice increases hyper-tension and fumbling.

Most players dribble too much. A player should dribble only when he needs to break into the open for a good pass. Dribbling is comparable to a broken field run in football. A dribble should be used to get into an open area. Then a pass or a cut is indicated. By thoughtlessly bouncing the ball to the floor without bettering his position, frequently a player uses up his dribble without results. A clever guard will be quick to cash in on such a dribbler and will play the thoughtless dribbler excessively tight when the ball comes to a rest in the dribbler's hands.

In close contact, only the low dribble should be used. The drag-dribble is useful when the dribbler must expose his hip and shoulder to the defensive guard— when an immediate necessity forces him to keep his body between the ball and his opponents A clever dribbler, with versatile repertoire, will frequently employ the hook-pass combined with the pivot and back-pass.