

Los Angeles, California, has operated park programs for youth for many years. The city's fifty-one playgrounds are now lighted for evening games the year round. Extensive sports programs are conducted in housing projects.

New Haven, Connecticut, attracted over 3,000 youngsters to a series of Park Booster Clubs. Each club offers a supervised physical fitness program that includes obstacle courses, baseball, track, touch football, dodgeball, flashball, folk dancing, and individual sports such as horseshoes and football throws.

In Omaha, Nebraska, a centrally located building serves as a sports center. New park programs were developed and swimming pools which had been closed for years are now open.

In Kenosha, Wisconsin, labor unions cooperate with the city recreation department in organizing baseball, softball, bowling, and other leagues. Under the banner of the union recreation council, 30 teams played a regular schedule during the summer of 1943.

A number of cities have given sports the green light. Golf courses and horseshoe and volleyball courts are open nightly in Shreveport, Louisiana.

The Riverside, California, YWCA swimming pool is used by groups of young people from the city playgrounds, and the Junior Army Corps put on a water pageant there.