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rence, and occupied about two hundred acres of land.

North Lawrence was begun in 1865 upon the first advent of a railway, and at one time had a population of 2,500, or more, with representative business houses, schools and churches, and even had its own newspapers. It was taken into the city of Lawrence by legislative enactment in 1870.

~~Lecompton stands second only to Lawrence in historical importance. It was founded by pro-slavery elements, took its name from a Southern Judge, and for a brief period had a population of from 1,000 to 2,000. Among its fo~~

~~Lawrence~~

Lecompton stands perhaps second only to Lawrence in historical importance. It was founded in 1854 among its founders being Glenns, Zinn, Martin, Winter, and Shirley. It soon became a pro-slavery center and was for a time Capitol of Kansas. The ^{town} ~~two~~ company was organized in 1855 with 600 acres of land. The territorial convention of 1855 designated it the capitol of the state and appropriated money for erecting a substantial capital building. It ~~is~~ ^{is} said that the ~~plans~~ ^{plans} contemplated spending a half million dollars on the building. Only \$50,000 was ~~not~~ actually appropriated, and spent, which paid for the basement and a part of the walls for the first story.

While Lecompton was the center of the pro-slavery interests it is of interest to know that years later when it started in university, it named it Lane, honoring one of the men prominent in making Kansas a free state.