

LEST WE FORGET

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This Pamphlet

Carefully

And Preserve for Reference

Facts and figures quoted in this folder are all from actual records and statistics on file in the U. S. Pension Bureau and the U. S. Veterans Bureau and were prepared in those Bureaus for the use of the Legislative Committee of

THE UNITED STATES SPANISH WAR
VETERANS

In their campaign for the equal recognition of veterans of all wars.

The Spanish War Veterans submit them to the People of Kansas and ask a fairminded consideration by all.

File Spanish War folder

Eighty-five per cent of all Spanish War Veterans in the World War were Commissioned Officers. (This accounts for the warm feeling existing between American Legion and United Spanish War Veterans all over the country).

The average term of service per man in the Civil War was 11 months; in the Spanish War was 14 months and in the world War 9 months.

There were 2, 213, 365 men engaged in Civil War; 458, 151 in the Spanish War and 5, 019, 874 in the World War.

The Civil War covered a period of four years; Spanish War four years and two months and American participation in World War, one year and seven months.

The pay of the Civil War soldier was \$13.00 per month with bonus of \$300.00 to \$600.00 per man; Spanish War, \$15.60 with no bonus or extra pay to others; World War, \$30.00 with \$15. to wife or parents and \$7.50 to each child.

The Civil War cost the U. S. \$ 8, 500, 000, 000; Spanish War, \$1, 200,000,000 (including payment to Spain); World War, \$50,168,625, 707.

No property was acquired by Civil or World Wars while \$8,000,000,000 of property was acquired by Spanish War.

The average paid out by U. S. in pensions and benefits per man serving in the Civil War was \$28.00 to twenty years after close of war; Spanish War, \$21.00 to twenty years after close of war; World War, \$126.00 to three years after close of war.

In Civil War 62 per cent were volunteers and 38 per cent drafted; Spanish War, 100 per cent volunteers and none drafted; World War 36 per cent volunteers and 64 per cent were drafted.

In Civil War only a few Navy men saw any foreign service; Spanish War, 61 per cent saw foreign service; World War, 46 per cent saw foreign service.

In Civil and World Wars hospitalization was immediate and unlimited; in Spanish War no hospitalization privileges were granted until 1922 (twenty years after close of war) and then only in insanity and tuberculosis cases.

Land grants, Civil War were general; Spanish War, none; World War, some already arranged and others planned.

Vocational training was granted World War soldiers, only.

Death rate in first five months of Spanish War was 25 per 1000 in service; World War, 8 per 1000 in same period. In entire war per cent of deaths was a little greater in Spanish than in World War with Civil War much greater than either of others.

The average weight of Civil War soldiers at discharge was a little above weight at enlistment; World War soldiers were 12 pounds heavier in average at discharge than at enlistment, while Spanish War soldiers showed an average loss of 28 pounds per man.

(In above statements term "Spanish" War includes Philippine Insurrection and Chinese Boxer expedition, as these are counted as one war by the U. S. Government in all records, pension legislation, etc.)

STATUTE no 73-148, Statutes of the State of Kansas provides for the submission to a vote of the people of the State, at the regular election to be held in November, 1924 an act relating to compensation for veterans of the War with Spain, the Philippine insurrection and the China Relief Expedition.

The provisions grant to each man who served in these periods a compensation of \$1.00 for each day of service with a limit of \$600.00 to any one man. (Some served more than twice that long). To receive this compensation each man must have been a resident of Kansas at the time of enlistment.

The act further provides for a bond issue of not more than \$1,000,000 to meet these payments, the necessary plans and provisions for the administration of the provisions of the act, etc.

Before becoming effective this act must be approved by a two-thirds majority of all persons voting at the election.

The Spanish War Veterans ask if, after a careful study of the facts in this folder, you can not and will not vote for the support of this measure.

Kansas has appropriated 32 million dollars for Veterans of the World War under a similar act. Do not you believe she should treat all alike?