The statute 3: Hl: 7: ca: 1:

By wch it is enacted that as well for retaining of unlawfull maintenance of giving of livery signes and tookens, or retayns by writing or otherwise, of imbracinges of the Kings subs of entrance demaunding of or priffes in making pamolle and returning of writs and of taking of money by Juries as also for the punishment of great Riotts and of unlawfull assemblies of people the Chancellor and Trer of England for the tyme being and the Judge of the Kings priviie seale, or two of them, callinge to them a Bpp a temporall Lord of the Kings most honorable Counsell and the two Chiefe Justices of the Kings bente and comon pleas or in their absence other two Justices of the Kings bente shall have authoritie upon Bill or Informacion put to the Chancellor for the Kinge, or any other to call before them by writt of priviie seale any of the said misdoers, and by their distresses to examine them and others by whom the truth maie be knowne and sute as they shall finde defaitive to punishe after their demerits accordinge to the forme and effect of Statutes therofore to be made in like manner and forme as they should or ought to be punished yf they were therofore by due order of lawe convicted

Hl: 7: authoritie to determine contrarie to the statute.

And this Statute was accordingly put in execucion untill the Parliament in the 21th yeare of Kinge Hl: 8: by wch tyme experience findes some wants in this behalfe. Yet wch were then by the 20: ca: therof supplied in this manner (viz) That the Chancellor Trer of England and the President of the Kings most honorable Counsell attendinge upon his Ma^ty and the Lorder of the Kinge

priviie seale or two of them callinge unto them the yfore nanied in the forme statute upon any Bill or information to be put in for any misbeavinge in the said forme statute mentioned The said Chancellor Trer President or Keep of the priviie seale shall have authoritie to call before them by writt or priviie seale sute misdoers and them and others by whom the truth maie be knowne by their distresses to examine and the delinquents to punishe after their demerits after the forme and effect of the said former statute and of all other statutes therofore made and not repealed on sute manner as they ought to be punished yf they were therofore convicted after the due order of the Kings lawes And so by the latter statute these things are wrought

First that the President of the Kings Counsell is hereby added and made one of the Judges of the Court

The have power and authoritie to Judge the rest assistant

Secondlie a doubt is taken unto that might have risen upon the words of the first statute namlie whether the Bpp the temporall Lords of the Kings Counsell and the Justices named in that statute were Judges equall in authoritie wth the Chancellor Trer and Keep of the priviie seale, or els were but onlie assistants of their counsell and advise, for yfore in this latter lawe the full authoritie is given to the Chancellor Trer President or Keep of the priviie seale and the rest are onlie to be called unto them for their advise but yet there is no restraint of calinge them for y^t the priednise is commonly either they do not call them or have not their advise onlie when they are called.