businesse and his dealing therein as
Abimelech saith of himselfe, Fecisti hoc
quod feri in simplicitate cordis et
innocentiæ meæ and therefore would
also boldly affirme, that there was
now brought into question of this great
businesse of poysone, but such as in his
soule and conscience were apparently
guiltie, hee saith hee was not guiltie
for a bowden peece, yet hee had found
some records of poysoning which here
would shew, as namely in the Exchequer
31. E. 3. as the King indeed hath two
Exchequers the one of Record the other
of golde and silver where a woman
convicted Adulteries and after poysoned
her husband, and 21. E. 1. Salomon
de Rore a Judge was poysoned by a
Monke and afterwardes wrought to bee
delivered to the keepers of the Church,
and hee was denyed because the same
was a wrong to the state to poysone a
Judge, and it is to observed in the first
case, that poysoning and Adulteries goe
together, and on the second that poysoning
and Sorcerie goe together from E. 3.
Dowan to 22. H. 8. which was a great
Empire of Time not mencion is made
of Poysoning and men, and then a Statute
was made, that those that did poysone
and bodie should bee boyled to death &
were first to bee sent in at the Kytchin
for this Busines hee said hee would tell
now

now vowed, but hee was not yet att the
roote, God forbidd that those kinds of
offences should bee searched & punished
wheresoever they are found, there are diuers
sorte of poysoninge by some wherof a man
shall dye a Moneth or a quarter of a
yeare after & sir so sentiatis mori, &
shall not know in what manner hee is
poysoned, as one Squire & Christ should
have poysoned Q: Eliz: by poysoning her
Saddle, this poysoninge came first from
Sorcerie, in this case of Weston here
would now confesse the Indictment because
the Indictment was, that hee poysoned
D^r Tho: Merbury with Arsnick, Roseker
and Mercury sublymate, where as indeed
it was not known what poysone killed
him, here the poore man remembred a
Scruple, that if hee did not know with
which of the poysons Merbury was
poysoned, hee was not guiltie of the
Offence layd in the Indictment. and there-
fore said, hee was not guiltie of the
Offence, Now it obstruitur os iniqui
that the mouth of a wicked man may
bee fully stopped, after that it was
replied unto him that the manner of the
killing layd in the Indictment was not
the point of the Indictment but the
matter of killing, as in the Indictment
bee, that a man was killed with a Sword
where as indeed hee was killed with
a dagger